VERIZON NEW ENGLAND INC. d/b/a VERIZON NEW HAMPSHIRE

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DOCKET NO. DT 07-011

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

JOHN F. NESTOR, III

ON BEHALF OF VERIZON NEW ENGLAND INC. d/b/a VERIZON NEW HAMPSHIRE, NYNEX LONG DISTANCE COMPANY, VERIZON SELECT SERVICES INC., BELL ATLANTIC COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

(PUBLIC VERSION)

SEPTEMBER 10, 2007

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I. WITNESS BACKGROUND AND OVERVIEW

- 2 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND POSITION
- 3 **WITH VERIZON.**
- 4 A. My name is John F. Nestor III. I am the Vice President for State Government
- 5 Relations for New Hampshire. My business address is 900 Elm Street, Manchester,
- 6 NH 03101.

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- 7 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL
- 8 **BACKGROUND.**
- 9 A. I have a Bachelor of Arts in American Studies from Merrimack College, a Masters in 10 Business Administration from Northeastern University, and a Juris Doctorate from 11 Suffolk University Law School. I have been employed by Verizon and its 12 predecessor companies for 20 years, as Director of Regulatory for Massachusetts, 13 Director of Regulatory Planning & Support, and currently Vice President-NH for 14 State Government Relations. Prior to joining Verizon, I was employed as an attorney 15 in private practice and by the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities (now the 16 Department of Telecommunications & Cable) as a Telecommunications Specialist, 17 the Director of the Telecommunications Division and as regulatory counsel to the 18 Commission. In addition, I served as a legislative assistant in the United States 19 House of Representatives where I had responsibility for matters before the Federal 20 Communications Commission (FCC).

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1 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR CURRENT POSITION?

A. In my current position, I represent Verizon NH in connection with all state government relations issues, including regulatory matters before the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission and matters before the Executive and Legislative branches of state government. In addition, I am responsible for representing Verizon NH's interests before cities and town, and have overall responsibility for media relations in the state.

8 Q. HAVE YOU EVER TESTIFIED BEFORE?

A. Yes. I have previously testified before the Massachusetts Department of Telecommunications and Energy, the Maine Public Utilities Commission, the Vermont Public Service Board, and the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission on a variety of issues, including alternative regulation, service quality, directory advertising revenues and telephone numbering issues. In addition, I have represented Verizon's interests in Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont in a number of technical conferences relating to interconnection issues under the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (TAct), telephone numbering issues and service quality.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY.

The purpose of my testimony is to respond to the service quality issues raised in the testimony filed on August 1, 2007 by Susan Baldwin on behalf of the Office of Consumer Advocate (OCA) and by Kenneth R. Peres, Ph.D. on behalf of the Communications Workers of America and International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers ("CWA/IBEW"). In addition, I also address the issue of imputation of

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directory advertising revenues (Yellow Pages) raised by Ms. Baldwin and John Antonuk on behalf of the Staff of the Public Utilities Commission (PUC Staff). Finally, I briefly respond to the pole and tree trimming issues raised in the testimonies of Robert Hybsch on behalf of Public Service of New Hampshire (PSNH), Thomas P. Meissner, Jr. on behalf of Unitil Energy Systems, Inc. (Unitel), and Cheryl A. Warren on behalf of Granite State Electric d/b/a/ National Grid. (National Grid).

7 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.

Ms. Baldwin and Dr. Peres claim that Verizon NH has neglected to invest in its network and, as a result, service quality has deteriorated to the point where FairPoint Communications, Inc. (FairPoint) will be faced with major service deficiencies upon completion of this merger. I demonstrate that their analyses of Verizon NH's service quality is flawed, narrowly focused and based on incorrect or selective information that ignores key facts. While there is always room for improvement, when all of the appropriate indicia of service quality are considered and a complete analysis of Verizon NH's service quality is undertaken, the overall service quality that Verizon NH has provided and continues to provide to its customers is very good.

Ms. Baldwin's claim that New Hampshire ratepayers are entitled to a \$200M credit to account for the spin-off of Verizon Information Services (now Idearc) is equally off base and unsupported. Ratepayers have already received the full value of those revenues, as non-regulated directory advertising revenues were included in current Verizon NH rates as of the last rate case in 1990, in accordance with directory agreements approved by the Commission. The spin-off of Verizon Directory operations is not before the Commission. Ms. Baldwin's recommendation represents

nothing more than an attempt to circumvent the appropriate legal processes for both Verizon NH and/or FairPoint in the future.¹

Similarly, Messrs. Hybsch and Meissner and Ms. Warren's attempts to establish new processes for inter-company relationships, and requests that approval of the merger be conditioned on Verizon NH's paying past disputed tree trimming charges, also have no legal or factual basis and are mere pleas to interfere improperly in commercial disputes. The parties are attempting to utilize the regulatory process to seek remedies which this Commission has no authority to award. I am advised by counsel that the Joint Ownership Agreements between Verizon NH and these electric utilities are standard commercial arrangements whose interpretation and enforcement are matters for the State Superior Court, not this Commission. The electric utilities' effort to make those issues part of this case are nothing more than inappropriate attempts to renegotiate the specific terms of a Joint Ownership Agreement in the hearing room and to resolve commercial disputes without a full adjudication of all of the facts, including Verizon's valid contractual defenses.

While Mr. Antonuk notes that FairPoint should be subject to the same imputation obligation as Verizon NH, he offers as an alternative a similar one time payment for Verizon NH for the spin-off of Idearc. Antonuk Direct at 36. To that extent, Mr. Antonuk's recommendation also attempts to circumvent the appropriate legal processes.

II. SERVICE QUALITY

- 2 Q. ARE MS. BALDWIN AND DR. PERES ACCURATE IN CLAIMING THAT
- 3 VERIZON NH HAS NOT BEEN INVESTING IN THE NETWORK?
- 4 A. No. Verizon NH has invested and continues to invest in its network and operations in
- 5 New Hampshire. As the chart below illustrates, Verizon NH has invested on average
- 6 **Begin Proprietary***** *****End Proprietary** in its network and operations in
- New Hampshire over the past four years and is continuing to invest. It is important to
- 8 note that investment is not always linear, however. Depending on construction,
- 9 maintenance and strategic initiatives, capital expenditures may increase or decrease in
- a given year. Because of these factors, a decline in capital expenditures in any given
- 11 year is not indicative of disinvestment by Verizon NH in its network.
- 12 **Begin Proprietary*****

TABLE #1

13 ***End Proprietary

This information clearly demonstrates that Verizon NH has invested and continues to invest in its network and operations in New Hampshire.

Although claiming that Verizon NH has failed to invest in the state, Dr. Peres makes no attempt to examine Verizon NH's capital expenditures. Rather, he simply states that because Verizon NH has not met selective service quality metrics over a limited period of time, it is logical to conclude that Verizon NH has not invested in its network.² This lack of analysis, based on a limited number of service metrics, cannot support an overall finding that Verizon NH has not been investing in its network or operations and is directly contradicted by the capital investment history described above.

Likewise, Ms. Baldwin claims that Verizon NH has not invested in its network and operations. While she does examine Verizon NH's recent capital expenditures, her analysis actually disproves her own claim. Ms. Baldwin, for example, cites to the fact that non-FiOS capital expenditures as a percentage of ILEC revenues and on a per access line basis have declined during the 2004-2006 period.³ She then inappropriately utilizes this information to conclude that Verizon NH has shifted capital resources away from replacing outside plant (citing Verizon NH's increased investment in fiber as part of its FiOS program), purportedly leading to a deterioration of service quality. Ms. Baldwin is wrong.

What Ms. Baldwin fails to recognize is that the deployment of fiber to support Verizon's FiOS offerings *includes* basic telephone service. That is, for quality of

² Peres Direct at 25.

Baldwin Direct at 68-69 and Table 6-HC2 (Proprietary).

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service purposes, the capital expenditures in fiber improve service quality for basic telephone services, while enabling high speed internet services. For example, fiber optic cable is less susceptible to corrosion due to moisture, has a higher tensile strength than copper cable, and, being lighter, puts less stress on poles. All of these factors considerably reduce the contribution of weather conditions (high winds, rain, etc.) to service troubles. Thus, a complete and appropriate analysis must include the capital expenditures related to FiOS. When this is done, Ms. Baldwin's own data and analysis demonstrates that Verizon NH's capital expenditures over the past three years have actually remained steady or increased as a percentage of ILEC revenues and on a per access line basis.

Q. ARE MS. BALDWIN AND DR. PERES ACCURATE IN CLAIMING THAT VERIZON NH'S SERVICE QUALITY IS NOT ADEQUATE TODAY?

No. Ms. Baldwin and Dr. Peres each assume that the service quality metrics that have been reported to the Commission for many years remain relevant in today's telecommunications marketplace, despite the significant legal and structural changes that have occurred in New Hampshire's telecommunications landscape over the past decade. They ignore the fact that in today's competitive marketplace customers are free to shop for telecommunications services among competing providers and technologies and are more than capable of weighing the benefits of each provider's offerings and service levels. Ms. Baldwin and Dr. Peres also do not acknowledge that in this changed telecommunications landscape many of the established benchmarks represent nothing more than service results achieved by Verizon NH at one time in the past under very different circumstances.

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More specifically, Ms. Baldwin and Dr. Peres both focus their testimony primarily on a comparatively small number of SQI performance measurements, concerning which Verizon NH's reported results, on occasion, have been below the benchmark levels of the past. Ms. Baldwin and Dr. Peres both conclude based on their cursory and selective analyses of only a few SQI measures that Verizon NH's service quality performance has deteriorated in recent years.⁴ Based on these flawed analyses they wrongly conclude that FairPoint will have to make significant investments in order to provide "adequate" service.

IS DR. PERES ACCURATE IN CLAIMING THAT VERIZON NH'S SERVICE QUALITY IS POOR AND REQUIRES SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT MERELY TO BE "MINIMALLY SATISFACTORY?"

No. Service has always been a cornerstone of Verizon NH's commitment to its customers, and while Verizon NH's service quality performance over the past three years had some opportunities for improvement, *overall* the service quality Verizon NH has delivered to its retail customers has been very good. Verizon NH provides service daily to over **Begin Proprietary********End Proprietary retail switched access lines, with a network that processes literally tens of millions of voice

Indeed, the selectivity and inconsistency of Ms. Baldwin's analysis are underscored by her responses to discovery. On the one hand, Ms. Baldwin urges the Commission to make findings that Verizon NH's service quality is inadequate. On the other hand, however, she asserts in discovery that the appropriate forum for consideration of service quality issues is the pending Quality of Service Investigation, Docket DT 04-019. As she explains: "The merits of Verizon's service quality problems and the quality of service standards applicable to Verizon NH are not subject to dispute in this docket." See OCA Replies to Verizon 1-6 through 1-11 found in Exhibit JFN-III. If the merits of Verizon NH's alleged service quality "problems" and quality of service standards are "not subject to dispute in this docket," one can only wonder why Ms. Baldwin's service quality testimony is at all relevant to this proceeding. In any event, Ms. Baldwin is requesting the Commission to make findings in this case without a fully developed record on service quality – matters that are best left for consideration in Docket 04-019, as Ms. Baldwin acknowledges.

and data calls, as well as the billing of these calls, in any given month. In 2006,

Verizon NH processed approximately Begin Proprietary***

***End

Proprietary installation requests and responded to almost Begin

Proprietary***

***End Proprietary repair calls. Residence and business

offices that serve New Hampshire customers handled almost Begin Proprietary ***

***End Proprietary customer calls.⁵ All of these customer interactions provided Verizon NH with an opportunity to either meet or to fail to meet the customer's expectations.

A balanced review of *all* of the most recent service quality measurements for the past two and a half years (30 months) reveals that overall Verizon NH has delivered and continues to deliver good quality service to its retail customers. Specifically, in each year, Verizon NH has been measured in twenty-two separate areas of retail service quality, for which ten have specific benchmark standards. During that time, Verizon NH's service quality met or exceeded the relevant benchmark standard for seven of the ten measures for the year, with limited exceptions. Verizon NH met all of the installation measures from 2005 through June 2007, except for the year 2006 where the average Held Orders over 30 Days metric exceeded its 6 per month standard by only **Begin Proprietary********End

Proprietary. Also, Verizon NH also met all of the Company Accessibility measures for the 2005 through June 2007 time period as well as the Customer Trouble Report rate. On the other hand, Verizon NH failed to make the two selective metrics

These offices also serve Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Vermont and Maine.

A copy of the June 2007 Service Quality Report is attached as Proprietary Exhibit JFN-I. It was also provided in discovery as Verizon NH's Third Supplemental Reply to OCA GII: 1-9.

selectively focused on by Ms. Baldwin and Dr. Peres, the Percentage Cleared Within 24 hours benchmark standard and the Percentage Met Repair Appointments benchmark standard for this time period.

With respect to those service quality measures that are tracked and do not have a benchmark standard, Average Delay Days increased **Begin Proprietary*****

End Proprietary through June of 2007. Likewise, Average Completion Time for Repair increased Begin Proprietary

***End Proprietary through June in 2007.

More importantly, the Consumer and General Business Provisioning measures, which reflect what customers actually consider to be Verizon NH's service quality, were averaging **Begin Proprietary***** *****End Proprietary** satisfaction or better for Consumer and **Begin Proprietary***** *****End Proprietary** satisfaction for Business over the last 30 months.

Finally, with respect to the number of central offices with customer trouble reports greater than 2.5 per 100 lines, it is important to note that many of the exchanges that have made the list for the past three years are more rural and have a relatively small number of access lines. As such, a limited number of service troubles can drive this metric over the service benchmark standard. Absent further analysis, simply missing this benchmark standard for a particular exchange does not support a finding of declining service quality across the network statewide. For example, for

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In fact, if results for April are excluded due to the extraordinary flooding that occurred throughout the state that month, the average completion time drops to **Begin Proprietary** *** **End Proprietary** hours.

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2007, the number of exchanges exceeding the 2.5 benchmark standard had been declining January through March, but this measure was subsequently affected in April by the major floods that resulted in taking the Raymond central office out of service and requiring the redeployment of manpower and resources to address this natural disaster.

Q. IS MISSING AN EXISTING BENCHMARK STANDARD FOR A SERVICE QUALITY MEASURE AN INDICATION OF POOR OR DECLINING SERVICE?

No. A "missed" performance metric is not, as Ms. Baldwin and Dr. Peres assert, an indication of poor service quality, absent further analysis. The existing metrics defined appropriate levels of service quality based on the technology and network in place at the time they were established, without extensive customer input and in a monopoly environment when regulators could better ensure sufficient revenues to a utility to meet whatever service standard they deemed in the public interest.⁸

Today, both network technology and regulatory public policies are vastly different, having replaced monopoly service with competition. With the significant changes in technology and the increasingly competitive marketplace that have occurred since the 1996 Telecommunications Act, it is critical that when assessing Verizon NH's overall service quality today that the Commission recognize that

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The existing Commission service quality measures and standards are based on the NARUC service quality standards and "were established in 1987 and adopted by NARUC in 1992 at a time when competition in the provision of local telephone service was nonexistent." 1996 NARUC Report of the Committee on Finance and Technology at 28.

Ms. Baldwin's claim that Verizon NH maintains a monopoly for basic exchange service in New Hampshire is addressed *infra*.

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Verizon NH or any carrier must meet the needs of its customers or else those customers will vote with their feet and take their business elsewhere. In addition, unlike the past, competition limits the ability of a carrier to seek revenues and cost recovery from regulators to meet service quality standards that do not reflect customer expectations and the needs of the telecommunications marketplace.

Q. WHAT OTHER EVIDENCE DO YOU HAVE THAT THE QUALITY OF VERIZON NH'S NETWORK IS GOOD?

Verizon has long conducted Customer Care Index (CCI) satisfaction surveys of those customers who have had recent dealings with the Company. The CCI surveys are conducted by an independent third party and are designed to determine the level of satisfaction with Verizon NH's products, services and service delivery for customers who have communicated with the company during the prior 30 days. In addition, separate customer satisfaction surveys are conducted for large business customers who have conducted business with the company during the previous 6-12 months. The CCI focuses on customer satisfaction as part of Verizon NH's service quality commitment, recognizing that there is a direct correlation between providing good customer service and customer retention. Moreover, Verizon NH directly links its employee incentive compensation to achievement of CCI survey targets associated with its major service quality objectives, for the personnel responsible for service delivery in New Hampshire. In fact, good service quality is incorporated into the compensation framework for all Verizon management employees by virtue of the fact that Verizon's compensation plan contains service objectives that apply to all managers each year.

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The chart below provides the percentage of Verizon NH customers that judged their interaction with Verizon as "satisfactory or better" over the years 2003 to 2006 for each of the survey's installation, repair and customer inquiry measurements. These results track closely with Verizon NH's performance under its Service Quality Reports and demonstrate that a significant majority of Verizon NH's customers find that Verizon NH has provided good quality service that meets their needs and expectations.

TABLE # 2

| NEW HAMPSHIRE CCI | <u>2003</u> | 2004 | <u>2005</u> | <u>2006</u> |
|------------------------------|-------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| Consumer Provisioning | 96.2 | 93.5 | 96.2 | 96.3 |
| Consumer Repair | 78.0 | 82.4 | 84.5 | 79.7 |
| Consumer Inquiry | 95.0 | 94.6 | 93.2 | 94.6 |
| Business Provisioning | 93.3 | 93.5 | 94.8 | 96.6 |
| Business Repair | 86.0 | 90.2 | 90.0 | 88.5 |
| Business Inquiry | 93.1 | 93.5 | 92.0 | 92.7 |

Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MS. BALDWIN'S AND DR. PERES' CLAIMS THAT THE FCC's ARMIS DATA SUPPORTS THEIR CONCLUSIONS.

Similar to their analyses of the current Service Quality Reports, Ms. Baldwin's and Dr. Peres' review of selective ARMIS data provides an incomplete view of the actual overall level of service quality provided by Verizon NH to its customers. ARMIS measures only a limited number of installation and maintenance measures and is designed to provide a uniform reporting mechanism for all local exchange carriers. These reports include no baseline standards and simply reflect a total number of measured installation and maintenance events on an annual basis. Nor does ARMIS

provide any explanation where results were impacted by other factors such as unusual or severe weather or a work stoppage. At most, the data provides some limited information on the service measurements and identifies trends that may require further investigation.

In addition, their analyses of ARMIS data are incomplete. For example, neither mentions that ARMIS Total Trouble Reports per month are still within the benchmark standard of 2 in the Service Quality Reports to the New Hampshire Commission. Also, Ms. Baldwin's statement that complaints concerning residential service increased "substantially" from 2002-2006 and that the number of residence complaints per access line "quadrupled in four years" and "increased eightfold" illustrates how Ms. Baldwin presents incomplete data to support her analysis.

First, Ms. Baldwin provides no analysis of residential customer complaints, therefore, it is not possible to determine the specific areas of service quality. For example, in some years, depending on the economy, billing complaints may be more prevalent than service delivery complaints. In addition, by any analysis, when one compares Begin Proprietary***

End Proprietary* (MSA and Non-MSA) customer complaints in 2006 to the total access lines for the same time period of approximately Begin Proprietary

***End Proprietary, the number of complaints per access lines is only Begin Proprietary

End Proprietary. Said another way, no complaint was registered or Verizon NH resolved a service problem for over Begin Proprietary***

***End Proprietary of its access lines in 2006. Clearly, when the number of complaints is viewed in this

Baldwin Direct at 71-72.

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1 context, the ARMIS data offers no support for Ms. Baldwin's and Dr. Peres' claims 2 of deteriorating service quality. PLEASE COMMENT ON MS. BALDWIN'S CLAIM THAT THERE IS 3 Q. 4 INSUFFICIENT COMPETITION IN NEW HAMPSHIRE TO HAVE AN 5 IMPACT ON SERVICE QUALITY. 6 A. Ms. Baldwin's analysis of competition in New Hampshire and its impact on service 7 quality is illogical and illustrates the internal inconsistency of her recommendations. 8 In considering the impact of competition and technology on service quality and 9 customer choice, Ms. Baldwin urges the Commission to ignore inter-modal 10 competition from CLECs, cable, broadband, the Internet and wireless services. A 11 need for greater regulation of service quality exists, she argues, because a subgroup of 12 basic residential exchange customers allegedly do not have access to all of these modes of competition to the same extent as basic residence exchange service.¹¹ 13 According to Ms. Baldwin, the telecommunications marketplace for the residence ¹² 14 15 local exchange market today is *less* competitive than it was in 1997.¹³ 16 Clearly, Ms. Baldwin's claim of less local exchange competition today than in 17 1997 is belied by the facts. In effect, Ms. Baldwin asks the Commission to ignore

11 Poldwin Direct et 76 06

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that (1) the Commission has determined in its Section 271 proceeding that the local

exchange market is irretrievably open to competition; (2) the Commission has

Baldwin Direct at 76-96.

Just since 2005 Verizon NH's access lines in service have declined from **Begin Proprietary*****

^{***}End Proprietary See Proprietary Exhibit JFN-I. Ms. Baldwin offers no explanation how Verizon NH can be significantly losing access lines yet claim the market today is *less* competitive than in 1997 when Verizon NH was the only local exchange carrier.

OCA Reply to Verizon 1-12 provided in Exhibit JFN-II.

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adopted pro-competitive policies to open the local exchange marketplace by implementing the provisions of the Telecommunications Act of 1996; (3) CLECs and cable providers today offer telecommunications services throughout the vast majority of the state; (4) carriers and cable providers have deployed broadband services throughout New Hampshire that include basic local telephone service; (5) these broadband services have in turn made the Internet and VoIP services available to an increasingly large number of customers; (6) more customers in New Hampshire now have wireless services than wireline services; and (7) Verizon NH has lost a significant number of access lines since 1997. Equally important, Ms. Baldwin asks the Commission to ignore its own findings regarding increased competition in its Biennial Report to the Governor and Executive Councilors, i.e., that "the telecommunications industry has become more competitive over the last biennium" and that "[d]uring the next biennium, the telecommunications market is expected to become increasingly competitive" in New Hampshire¹⁴ Yet at the same time, Ms. Baldwin refuses to acknowledge that any of these factors are relevant to the issue of Verizon NH's overall service quality today. 15

Additionally, not only is Ms. Baldwin's analysis of competition unsupported by the facts, but it is inconsistent with her other recommendations. For example, on the one hand, Ms. Baldwin claims that increased service quality penalties are needed in the future because there is a lack of competition for basic residential service, yet at the same time she recommends an expansion of broadband that would facilitate

See New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission Biennial Report July 1, 2003 - June 30, 2005, at 11-17, which is available on the Commission's website http://www.puc.state.nh.us/.

OCA Reply to Verizon 1-7 through 1-11 provided in Exhibit JFN-III.

competition to residential customers from services like those provided by VoIP providers.

III. DIRECTORY REVENUE IMPUTATION

- Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MS. BALDWIN'S RECOMMENDATION THAT
- 5 VERIZON NH PAY \$200M TO RATEPAYERS FOR THE SPIN-OFF OF
- 6 **IDEARC.**

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A. Ms. Baldwin's recommendation that Verizon NH pay \$200M to ratepayers to compensate them for the spin-off of Idearc, Inc. has no basis in law or fact. First. ratepayers have already received the full value of any relationship of Verizon NH with Idearc, as these non-regulated directory advertising revenues were included in current Verizon NH rates as of the last rate case in 1990, in accordance with directory agreements approved by the Commission. In short, Verizon's current rates that FairPoint will adopt following the merger already reflect directory advertising revenues. Second, the Commission in Order No. 24,345 in Docket DT 02-165 in 2004 made it clear that it would conduct a further proceeding to determine the appropriate value of any future imputation of directory advertising revenues. Moreover, since FairPoint will assume the regulatory obligations of Verizon NH required by Commission orders, the issue of the appropriate value of imputation and its impact will be addressed, if at all, in the future -- either in a separate proceeding to determine any value of imputation or at the time of a future rate case. In fact, the

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OCA now seeks to retreat from the very points that it made to the Commission and New Hampshire Supreme Court.¹⁶

Of course it is important to note that neither of these future events may occur. FairPoint has not indicated any plans to seek a rate case or to change any rates after closing the deal. This means that for the near future, ratepayers will continue to receive the value of directory advertising revenues that is already included in rates and has been since 1990. Moreover, should the Commission choose to consider an alternative form of regulation in the future or a lessening of regulation due to additional competition, any issue of imputation would be irrelevant. Thus, Ms. Baldwin's claim that ratepayers are entitled now to the value of any relationship with Idearc in the future is not only incorrect as a matter of law, as counsel advises me, but represents nothing more than an attempt to circumvent the appropriate legal processes for both Verizon NH and/or FairPoint in the future.

IV. POLE AND TREE TRIMMING ISSUES

Q. HAVE ANY INTERVENORS RECOMMENDED THAT VERIZON NH REIMBURSE THEM FOR TREE TRIMMING EXPENSES AS A

Should the Commission fail to impute Yellow Pages revenues to VNH, ratepayers would be deprived of this 10% in regulated revenues -- more than \$25 Million a year -- with a resultant upward impact on rates *in a rate case*. OCA Post-hearing Brief at 8 (emphasis added)

In addition, the OCA post-hearing brief to the Supreme Court stated:

Instead, for *ratemaking purposes*, the Telephone Company will report additional revenues, initially in an annual amount of \$23.3 million and, *following a subsequent proceeding*, at whatever level the Commission determines appropriate. OCA Brief to New Hampshire Supreme Court at 27 (emphasis added).

The OCA post-hearing brief to the Commission stated:

1 CONDITION OF COMMISSION APPROVAL OF THE JOINT

APPLICANTS' PETITION?

3 A. Yes. PSNH has requested, as a condition of Commission approval, "that PSNH be 4 reimbursed by Verizon for the sum of \$506,000 for a portion of the maintenance tree trimming expense incurred by PSNH during 2005, ¹⁷ an expense which PSNH agreed 5 6 it would not recover from its customers in the recently-approved rate case settlement 7 (DE 06-028)." Similarly, Unitil seeks reimbursement for disputed tree trimming 8 expenses incurred by Unitil and purportedly owed by Verizon under the Joint Ownership Agreement between the companies.¹⁹ Unitil notes that as of July 11, 9 2007, the amount outstanding is \$340,748.23.²⁰ 10

11 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THESE INTERVENORS' RECOMMENDATIONS 12 REGARDING TRIMMING EXPENSES?

No. Verizon NH fundamentally disagrees with the interpretation by PSNH and Unitil of the Intercompany Operating Procedures (IOPs) dealing with maintenance tree trimming. Simply put, the electric wires that carry electricity to power homes and businesses are bare wire conductors and susceptible to power fluctuations and outages if they come into contact with vegetation. Telephone cables consist of insulated copper or fiber optic conductors that in turn are encased in a durable polyethylene

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In response to a Verizon NH discovery request (VZ-PSNH 2), on August 28, 2007, PSNH filed an errata sheet to the August 1, 2007 Direct Testimony of Robert T. Hybsch. PSNH corrected Mr. Hybsch's testimony, which mistakenly claimed that the disputed \$506,000 related to calendar year 2005. The correction reflected that the \$506,000 claim was in relation to 2006.

Hybsch Direct at 6.

Direct Testimony of Thomas P. Meissner Jr., August 1, 2007, at 29.

²⁰ *Id.* at 28.

| VZ | EXHIBIT - 3P |
|----|-------------------------|
| NH | Docket DT 07-011 |

Q.

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| sheath. The cable is then lashed using steel wire to cable strand, typically 3/8 inch in |
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| diameter with a tensile strength of 10,000 pounds. Contact by vegetation with this |
| outer insulating plastic sheath or the cable strand does not result in damage to the |
| cable or disruption of telephone service. The conditions sought by PSNH and Unitil |
| are being driven by electrical requirements and their needs for reliability, not by any |
| concerns for reliability relating to telephone service or facilities. That is precisely |
| why the language regarding trimming in the IOPs states that maintenance shall be |
| done on a joint basis when both companies have a need: |
| • 1A. Maintenance trimming shall be done on a joint basis when both companies have a need. |
| (IOP #17 Unitil Distribution Companies and New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, effective date November 1, 1996.) |
| • 1a. Maintenance trimming shall be done on a joint basis when both companies have a need. |
| (IOP #7 Public Service of New Hampshire and NYNEX/New England, effective date October 1, 1994.) |
| In each instance, both parties to the IOP recognized, more than ten years ago, that |
| their maintenance trimming needs would be different. |
| DO SIMILAR TERMS EXIST IN THE AGREEMENTS OF ELECTRIC |
| UTILITIES AND OTHER TELEPHONE UTILITIES? |
| A data reply by PSNH in Docket DM 05-172 (Utility Pole Investigation) indicates |
| that PSNH has a variety of trimming arrangements with its joint pole owners. For |
| instance, there is no language regarding trimming in joint agreements between PSNH |
| and Union Telephone Company and Bretton Woods Telephone Company, while TDS |

Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor, III on behalf of Verizon NH NH Docket No. DT 07-011 September 10, 2007

| 1 | | Telecommunications and Dunbarton Telephone appear not to participate in joint |
|---|-----------|--|
| 2 | | maintenance trimming. ²¹ |
| 3 | Q. | DOES VERIZON NH HAVE OTHER CONCERNS WITH THE |
| 4 | | INTERVENORS' RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING TREE TRIMMING? |
| 5 | A. | Yes, Verizon NH is concerned whether the amounts recommended by the intervenors |
| 6 | | have been properly invoiced and whether those invoices are accurate. For instance, |
| 7 | | PSNH now admits that Verizon NH never agreed to participate in maintenance tree |
| 8 | | trimming in 2006 for which PSNH now is seeking \$506,000 in reimbursement: |
| 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | | PSNH is not claiming that PSNH obtained Verizon's consent to pay \$506,000 in 2006 maintenance trimming expense incurred by PSNH. See the preceding responses to 2a.and 2b.above. PSNH is claiming that the maintenance trimming done by PSNH in 2006, which Verizon refused to participate in, benefited Verizon's jointly owned poles and its facilities, such that the Commission should, in the interests of fairness and the public good, require Verizon to reimburse PSNH for a portion of that expense as a condition of the approval of the merger sought by Verizon. ²² |
| 17 | | This response clearly articulates that Verizon NH never agreed to the trimming in |
| 18 | | question and therefore does not owe PSNH \$506,000. |
| 19 | | In the case of Unitil, while Verizon NH is able to identify invoices from 2005 |
| 20 | | to 2007 that approximate the amount claimed by Unitil, Verizon NH notes that a |
| 21 | | number of these are either under review or have been denied. In the past, as Verizon |
| 22 | | NH has reviewed trimming invoices from Unitil, it has found a number of errors, such |
| 23 | | as invoices for areas that were not in Verizon NH's serving area or Verizon NH was |

.

Response by Robert T. Hybsch of PSNH to TECH-03 Technical Sessions dated 06/13/2006 TS-004, Docket DM 05-172 – Investigation into Utility Poles.

Response by Robert T. Hybsch of PSNH to Verizon NH's First Set of Data Requests to PSNH, See PSNH Reply Q-FPVZ-002 included as Exhibit JFN-IV.

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Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor, III on behalf of Verizon NH NH Docket No. DT 07-011 September 10, 2007

not on the pole line; invoices for trimming where the trimming had not actually been done; and invoices where telecommunications trimming was not required or not agreed upon by Verizon NH. In three separate studies of Unitil billing for 2005, Verizon NH found billing errors representing 48%, 54% and 97% of the total billed amount.²³ Nevertheless, Unitil appears to carry forward these erroneous billings as "unpaid." ²⁴

Q. WHAT IS VERIZON'S RECOMMENDATION REGARDING TRIMMING AND OTHER POLE ISSUES?

Messrs. Hybsch and Meissner and Ms. Warren's²⁵ attempt to establish new processes 9 Α. 10 11

for inter-company relationships, and their request that approval of the FairPoint merger be conditioned on Verizon NH's paying past disputed tree trimming charges, has no legal or factual basis. Rather, they are attempting to utilize the regulatory process to resolve commercial disputes and seek compensation that the Commission has no authority to award. I am advised by counsel that the proper forum for parties disputing the terms of applicable Joint Ownership Agreements between Verizon NH and electric utilities is a court of competent jurisdiction, not the Commission. The Commission should leave these issues to be negotiated and/or resolved by the parties

²³ Response by Troy McDonald of Verizon NH to Staff 3-44A Follow Up in DM 05-172. See Verizon NH's Reply to Staff 3-44 A Follow Up included as Exhibit JFN-V.

²⁴ This is not to say, however, that Verizon NH declines to participate in any maintenance trimming. Between 2005 and 2007 to date, Verizon NH has paid \$566,933 in trimming invoices to PSNH. Similarly, it has paid \$55,932 in trimming invoices to Unitil over the same period. An additional \$21,966 in invoicing between July 2005 and January 2006 was approved but not yet processed. These bills are being processed now for payment.

²⁵ Ms. Warren generally concurs with the positions of PSNH regarding pole issues. In addition, she recommends as a condition of approval that FairPoint be required to accept Commission jurisdiction over any dispute relating to IOPs.

| VZ | Z EXHIBIT - 3P |
|----|--------------------|
| NI | H Docket DT 07-011 |

Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor, III on behalf of Verizon NH NH Docket No. DT 07-011 September 10, 2007

- 1 themselves and deny any request to make this transaction conditioned on the payment
- 2 of disputed tree trimming charges.
- 3 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 4 **A.** Yes

NH DKT 07-011 REDACTED EXHIBIT JFN-Ia Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor, III



Kevin M. Shea Regulatory Affairs, Director - NH 900 Elm Street, Floor 19 Manchester, NH 03101

Phone 603 641-1667 Fax 603 647-0648 kevin.m.shea@verizon.com

August 15, 2007

Kathryn M. Bailey, PE Telecommunications Division Director New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission 21 South Fruit Street, Suite 10 Concord, New Hampshire 03301

Dear Kate:

This is a confidential exhibit which has been redacted

Sincerely,

Kevin M. Shea Attachments

cc: Karen Mead

Erin E. Murphy John Puopolo Shawn Nestor

This is a confidential Exhibit.

VZ Exhibit 3P-3.xls Page 1

New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, DT 07-011 Re Verizon New England et al. OCA Responses to Verizon NH's First Set of Data Requests

Respondent: Susan M. Baldwin

Date: August 28, 2007

12. Does Ms. Baldwin agree that the telecommunications marketplace in New Hampshire today is more competitive than in 1997? If not, please provide the basis for that position. If yes, does Ms. Baldwin agree that in an increasingly competitive market regulatory policy would support *less* not more regulation? If not, please provide the basis for that position.

Response:

Objection. The term "more competitive" is vague and overbroad.

Subject to and without waiving the objection, Ms. Baldwin states as follows:

I do not agree that the telecommunications marketplace in New Hampshire is more competitive today than it was in 1997 for the residential local market. Indeed, many doors to competition have been closed. For example, the market is significantly more concentrated than it was as a result of SBC's acquisition of Southern New England Telephone Company, Ameritech, Pacific Telesis, and BellSouth; the Bell Atlantic/NYNEX/GTE mergers; and the elimination of MCI and legacy AT&T as competitors. This loss of potential and actual competitors in local markets has closed opportunities for competitive entry.

Regulatory decisions have also contributed to a decline in competition in the residential local market. See for example, *Unbundled Access to Network Elements; Review of the Section 251 Unbundling Obligations of Incumbent Local Exchange Carriers*, FCC WC Docket No. 04-313; CC Docket No. 01-338, *Order on Remand*, Rel. February 4, 2005.

See also pages 79 through 87 of my testimony and the exhibits referenced therein for a further demonstration of the declining prospects for affordable alternatives to Verizon NH's basic local telephone service.

Regulation should correspond inversely with the level of competition – as competition increases, regulation can be relaxed. There is no empirical evidence demonstrating that consumers have affordable alternatives to Verizon NH's basic local service, and instead, the evidence demonstrates Verizon NH's market power. Information about service quality also provides empirical evidence that local markets are not competitive. ARMIS report 43-05 shows a dramatic decline in service quality measures since 2000. For example, initial and repeat out of service intervals, the time it takes to fix problems, have increased substantially since 2000 (ARMIS Report 43-05, Table II). Also, complaints from residential customers have increased dramatically since 2001 (ARMIS Report 43-05, Table V). See my testimony and exhibits for further evidence of the declining service quality.



New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, DT 07-011 Re Verizon New England et al. OCA Responses to Verizon NH's First Set of Data Requests

Respondent: Susan M. Baldwin

Date: August 28, 2007

6. Please refer to pages 74-76 of Susan Baldwin's Direct Testimony. Is it Ms. Baldwin's position that Verizon NH does not have the right to challenge the relevancy of existing service quality measures in Docket 04-019? If so, please provide the specific basis for that position.

Response:

Objection. The request seeks information that is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence regarding whether the transaction with FairPoint in New Hampshire meets the public interest standard. The appropriate docket for consideration of this issue is DT 04-019. The merits of Verizon's service quality problems and the quality of service standards applicable to Verizon NH are not subject to dispute in this docket.

New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, DT 07-011 Re Verizon New England et al. OCA Responses to Verizon NH's First Set of Data Requests

Respondent: Susan M. Baldwin

Date: August 28, 2007

7. Please refer to pages 74-76 of Susan Baldwin's Direct Testimony. Is it Ms. Baldwin's position that the customer expectations and the state of the telecommunications marketplace in New Hampshire are not relevant to a Commission review of Verizon NH's overall service quality today? If so, please provide the basis for that position.

Response:

Objection. The request is argumentative. Also, the appropriate docket for consideration of this issue is DT 04-019. The merits of Verizon NH's service quality problems and the quality of service standards applicable to Verizon NH are not subject to dispute in this docket.

Subject to and without waiving the objection, Ms. Baldwin states as follows: It is my understanding that the reasonableness of the service quality standards that the Commission has previously established for Verizon NH (*i.e.*, the aspects of Verizon NH's service quality that are measured and reported to the Commission, and the Commission-established benchmarks for the individual metrics) are not part of the scope of this proceeding. Instead, it is my understanding that, among its assessment of the merits of the proposed transaction, the Commission may consider the impact of the transaction on the quality of service offered for basic local service, and in that assessment, the Commission may consider any commitments that Verizon NH and FairPoint may make to increase the possibility of public benefit ensuing, which could include specific plans to improve service quality and then specific incentives to ensure that service quality is maintained.

All else being equal, it is my opinion that a decline in service quality is evidence of a lack of competition and a need for regulatory oversight, and that all else being equal, a decline in service quality is akin to a rate increase because consumers are receiving less for their money, *i.e.*, less for the nonrecurring and monthly rates that they pay Verizon NH than they did several years ago. Every day that an installation is delayed or a faulty dial tone line is not fixed creates costs for consumers.

In any event, as I explain in the referenced portion of my testimony, it is my understanding that unless and until the Commission modifies the standards, they apply to Verizon NH despite any philosophical differences of opinion, and Verizon NH is bound by such standards. By way of analogy, a driver who considers a red light to be located in an unnecessary location does not have the authority to ignore it simply because of her philosophical disagreement with the placement of the traffic light.

New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, DT 07-011 Re Verizon New England et al. OCA Responses to Verizon NH's First Set of Data Requests

Respondent: Susan M. Baldwin

Date: August 28, 2007

8. Please refer to pages 74-76 of Susan Baldwin's Direct Testimony. Is it Ms. Baldwin's position that the changes in the Telecommunications Act of 1996 and the Commission's pro-competitive policies implementing the Act are not relevant to a Commission review of Verizon NH's overall service quality today? If so, please provide the basis for that position. If relevant, please identify any Commission Order incorporating these policies into the existing service quality measures and standards and provide a copy of each Order.

Response:

Objection. The request is argumentative. Also, the appropriate docket for consideration of this issue is DT 04-019. The merits of Verizon NH's service quality problems and the quality of service standards applicable to Verizon NH are not subject to dispute in this docket. The request seeks information and/or a review of documents that is equally available to the requester and can be undertaken by the discovering party as readily as by Ms. Baldwin or the OCA, and therefore is unduly burdensome.

Subject to and without waiving the objection, Ms. Baldwin states as follows: Commission orders are publicly available.

New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, DT 07-011 Re Verizon New England et al. OCA Responses to Verizon NH's First Set of Data Requests

Respondent: Susan M. Baldwin

Date: August 28, 2007

9. Please refer to pages 74-76 of Susan Baldwin's Direct Testimony. Is it Ms. Baldwin's position that the significant growth in cable and CLEC competition is not relevant to a Commission review of Verizon NH's overall service quality today? If so, please provide the basis for that position. If relevant, please identify any Commission Order incorporating these factors into the existing service quality measures and standards and provide a copy of each Order.

Response:

Objection. The request is argumentative. The appropriate docket for consideration of this issue is DT 04-019. The merits of Verizon NH's service quality problems and the quality of service standards applicable to Verizon NH are not subject to dispute in this docket. The request seeks information and/or a review of documents that is equally available to the requester and can be undertaken by the discovering party as readily as by Ms. Baldwin or the OCA, and therefore is unduly burdensome.

Subject to and without waiving the objection, Ms. Baldwin states as follows: Commission orders are publicly available.

New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, DT 07-011 Re Verizon New England et al. OCA Responses to Verizon NH's First Set of Data Requests

Respondent: Susan M. Baldwin

Date: August 28, 2007

10. Please refer to pages 74-76 of Susan Baldwin's Direct Testimony. Is it Ms. Baldwin's position that the growth of the Internet, text messaging and VoIP are not relevant to a Commission review of Verizon NH's overall service quality today? If so, please provide the basis for that position. If relevant, please identify any Commission Order incorporating these factors into the existing service quality measures and standards and provide a copy of each Order.

Response:

Objection. The request is argumentative. The appropriate docket for consideration of this issue is DT 04-019. The merits of Verizon NH's service quality problems and the quality of service standards applicable to Verizon NH are not subject to dispute in this docket. The request seeks information and/or a review of documents that is equally available to the requester and can be undertaken by the discovering party as readily as by Ms. Baldwin or the OCA, and therefore is unduly burdensome.

Subject to and without waiving the objection, Ms. Baldwin states as follows: Commission orders are publicly available.

New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, DT 07-011 Re Verizon New England et al. OCA Responses to Verizon NH's First Set of Data Requests

Respondent: Susan M. Baldwin

Date: August 28, 2007

11. Please refer to pages 74-76 of Susan Baldwin's Direct Testimony. Is it Ms. Baldwin's position that the growth of wireless services is not relevant to a Commission review of Verizon NH's overall service quality today? If so, please provide the basis for that position. If relevant, please identify any Commission Order incorporating this factor into the existing service quality measures and standards and provide a copy of each Order.

Response:

Objection. The request is argumentative. The appropriate docket for consideration of this issue is DT 04-019. The merits of Verizon NH's service quality problems and the quality of service standards applicable to Verizon NH are not subject to dispute in this docket. The request seeks information and/or a review of documents that is equally available to the requester and can be undertaken by the discovering party as readily as by Ms. Baldwin or the OCA, and therefore is unduly burdensome.

Subject to and without waiving the objection, Ms. Baldwin states as follows: Commission orders are publicly available.

NH DKT 07-011 EXHIBIT JFN-IV

Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor, III

Public Service Company of New Hampshire Docket No. DT 07-011 Data Request FP/VZ-01 Dated: 08/10/2007 Q-FPVZ-002 Page 1 of 2

Witness:

Robert T. Hybsch

Request from: Fai

Fairpoint Communications

Question:

Please provide the following:

- Evidence in support of PSNH's claim that Verizon is responsible for \$506,000 in maintenance trimming expenses for 2005, including the following:
 - i. total maintenance trimming expenses invoiced to Verizon for 2005;
 - ii. total maintenance trimming expenses paid by Verizon for 2005; and
 - iii. total maintenance trimming expenses denied by Verizon for 2005.
- b. If the \$506,000 allegedly owed is something other than (iii) above, how was the \$506,000 amount arrived at?
- c. All evidence in support of PSNH's claim that PSNH properly gained consent from Verizon to incur these expenses on Verizon's behalf according to the terms of the existing Joint Ownership Agreement (JOA) and associated Inter-company Operating Procedures (IOP).

Response:

- a. PSNH's testimony was inaccurate. The \$506,000 claim relates to calendar year 2006, not 2005 as stated on page 6 of Mr. Hybsch's testimony. During calendar year 2006, PSNH issued Verizon Exchanges of Notice requesting Verizon's participation in 2006 maintenance trimming for approximately 1700 miles of circuits with jointly owned poles. Verizon agreed to participate in joint maintenance trimming for only approximately 47 miles of the total 1700 miles of trimming requested. Copies of the Exchanges of Notice issued to Verizon for 2006 maintenance trimming projects are attached.*
 - PSNH billed Verizon \$16,714.92 for Verizon's share of the 47 miles of joint maintenance trimming Verizon agreed to in 2006.
 - Verizon paid 10 of 13 invoices in the amount of \$15,141.99 and \$1,572.93 remains unpaid. Copies of the invoices are attached.*
 - \$1,013,000 per testimony of Steven E. Mullen, NH PUC Utility Analyst III (See Response b. below).
- b. Mr. Mullen computed the amount that Verizon should have paid for the maintenance trimming in 2006. Mr. Mullen halved the amount that Verizon should have paid, resulting in the \$506,000 amount forgone by PSNH in Docket DE 06-028 and requested from Verizon in this proceeding. The relevant portions of his testimony and Adjustment # 13 are copied below:

"My calculations are included on Attachment SEM-1, Schedule 3A. 2006 information provided by PSNH in its responses to TS-NSTF-01, Q-TS-STAFF-35 and Q-TS-STAFF-36 (Attachments SEM-4 and SEM-5) shows that PSNH submitted an exchange of notice to Verizon for 1,700 miles of scheduled maintenance trimming in 2006 and that Verizon agreed to participate in payment for 47 miles of that trimming. That amounts to less than 3 percent of the total miles trimmed, so it appears that PSNH had an expectation of a larger amount of participation by Verizon. PSNH stated that at \$2,450 per mile, the cost to trim the additional 1,653 miles is \$4,049,850. Therefore, the maximum amount of additional revenue from Verizon for 2006 maintenance trimming is slightly more than \$1 million. It is quite likely, however, that the maximum amount is not the correct



NH DKT 07-011 EXHIBIT JFN-IV

Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor, III

Data Request FP/VZ-01 Dated: 08/10/2007 Q-FP/VZ-002 Page 2 of 2

amount. Therefore, for purposes of this adjustment, I have cut the amount in half and included \$506,000 as an estimate for the amount of revenue (adjustment #13)." Docket No. DE 06-068, Exhibit 9, Direct Testimony of Steven E. Mullen at 15. [Adjustment]13

Reduce tree trimming expenses for estimated additional revenue from Verizon:

Costs to trim 1653 add'l miles of joint trimming lines in 2006

Verizon's share of joint trimming costs

Maximum add'l revenue from Verizon for joint trimming

Midpoint

Estimated add'l revenue for adjustment purposes

4,050

25%

1,013

50%

506

Attachment SEM-1 Schedule 3A

- c. PSNH is not claiming that PSNH obtained Verizon's consent to pay for \$506,000 in 2006 maintenance trimming expense incurred by PSNH. See the preceding responses to 2a. and 2b., above. PSNH is claiming that the maintenance trimming done by PSNH in 2006, which Verizon refused to participate in, benefitted Verizon's jointly owned poles and its facilities, such that the Commission should, in the interests of fairness and the public good, require Verizon to reimburse PSNH for a portion of that expense as a condition of the approval of the merger sought by Verizon.
- * Bulk material provided to requesting party and NHPUC Staff only.

NH DKT 07-011 EXHIBIT JFN-V Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor

Verizon New England Inc. d/b/a Verizon New Hampshire

State of New Hampshire

Docket No. DM 05-172

Respondent: Troy McDonald

Title: Joint Lines Specialist – ME, VT, NH

Respondent: Serge Laprise

Title: Manager – OSP Engineering

REQUEST: New Hampshire Utilities Commission Staff, Set 3 Follow-Up Topic 2

DATED: May 30, 2006

ITEM: Staff 3-44A

Follow-Up

All – Does your company believe that the other companies with whom you have an IOP are conforming to their respective IOPs for pole maintenance, trimming, or inspections. If not, please specifically describe why not for each instance. For companies with an IOP with more than one other company, please supply a separate response for each.

REPLY:

From time to time, any company operating with an IOP arrangement can unintentionally or otherwise occasionally take actions that are not in conformance with the IOP. To be responsive to the question without seeking to criticize its business partners, Verizon NH highlights the following instances when others have not acted consistent with the IOPs. These examples are illustrative only and are not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such instances.

Unitil:

IOP #17 - Joint Trim (2005): IOP #17 provides Verizon NH and Unitil with the option of choosing not to participate in maintenance tree trimming if either party does not feel there is a benefit to joint participation. Irrespective of Verizon NH's notification to Unitil that it would not participate in certain maintenance trimming, Unitil has continued to invoice Verizon NH for 25% of all maintenance trimming expenses. This creates an administrative problem for Verizon NH, as each line item of every invoice must be reviewed to confirm that the trim

VZ #192

NH DKT 07-011 EXHIBIT JFN-V Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor

Page 2

Staff 3-44A Follow-Up VZ # 192

REPLY: (Cont'd) Unitil:(cont'd)

expense represented an instance in which Verizon NH agreed to participate in joint trimming. In that regard, it should be noted that on three separate occasions studies were performed that established that Unitil was charging Verizon NH for sections: 1) where Verizon NH was not attached to the pole line; 2) in locations of the state that did not include a Verizon NH serving area; or 3) that involved trimming for power company space only.

Attached are letters sent to Unitil conveying Verizon NH's concern with the error rates in trim invoicing (see Attachments 1 through 3). The letters reflect 47.8%, 53.5% and 97% error rates, respectively, for the relevant periods. Unitil previously included Attachment 1 in its response to Staff 3-25; however, it neglected to include the second page of the document, which detailed the findings of Verizon NH's study of Unitil's invoice errors.

IOP #17 - Joint Trim (2004): During year 2004 Unitil did not follow Item 5(a) of IOP #17 requiring it to provide an Exchange of Notice (EON) for Verizon NH's review and agreement of sections to be trimmed. Item 5(e) of IOP #17 provides that Unitil is to accept financial responsibility for any "uncoordinated" trimming. Unitil continues to invoice Verizon NH for 25% of all 2004 trim costs.

IOP #17 - Joint Trim Billing: If Unitil decides to employ a trim vendor that is not on Verizon NH's approved contractor list, Item 5(d) requires Unitil to pay for the trimming and invoice Verizon NH 25% of the trim expense associated with the trim sections for which Verizon NH agreed to participate. While Verizon NH and Unitil have met regarding this practice, Unitil is now refusing to include a copy of the signed EON to support invoicing. This invoicing practice creates additional administrative work within the bill processing center. Verizon NH billing staff must track down EONs and attempt to match them with the correct invoice package. This activity adds additional time to the bill payment process.

IOP #9 Item 2 - Removal of Jointly Owned Poles & IOP #13 Item 1B - Request to Transfer Construction:

Unitil will routinely send one transfer notice to all attachees once it has set a pole within its maintenance area and transferred its wires. As a result, Verizon NH does not receive proper notification because other attachees have not transferred. This practice impacts the 60-day

NH DKT 07-011 EXHIBIT JFN-V Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor

> Page 3 Staff 3-44A Follow-Up VZ # 192

REPLY: (Cont'd) Unitil:(cont'd)

time period contained in the Verizon NH – Unitil IOP.

In addition, apparently as a result of this proceeding, Unitil has begun to address its backlog of transfer notifications. Recently, Unitil served Verizon NH approximately 120 notifications for pole transfers in its Capital area. While the work associated with these notifications did not all occur in one day, Unitil apparently is seeking to claim that the IOP imposes the removal obligation on Verizon NH if Verizon NH does not complete all transfer work within 60 days. These types of backlog situations should be addressed outside of the IOP benchmarks, as Unitil cannot reasonably hold work in an attempt to force costs upon Verizon NH.

Public Service of New Hampshire (PSNH):

IOP #10 - Removal of Joint Poles: Prior to Verizon NH's initiating an electronic exchange of notice process, PSNH would routinely send one transfer notice to all attachees once it had set the pole and transferred its wires. As a result, Verizon NH would not receive proper notification because other attachees had not transferred. This practice impacts the 60-day rule contained in the Verizon NH – PSNH IOP. Also, it has been a challenge for both Verizon NH and PSNH to determine to which dual poles in PSNH's maintenance areas the 60-day clock applies.

National GRID (NGRID):

IOP "N" - Monthly Billing Procedure: NGRID has been behind in the Joint Ownership billing process. NGRID was first contacted regarding this issue in 2005 to address the fact that, beginning in 2003, it had not returned the necessary paperwork (form 1045) to allow Verizon NH to prepare the monthly invoices relating to the net pole and anchor sets between both companies. NGRID's explanation was it lacked staffing to perform the necessary function. Since this initial contact, one year ago, NGRID has completed the 1045 billing process for 2003 but has not completed the process for years 2004 and 2005. It also is not current for year 2006.

Troy F. McDonald Joint Lines Specialist VZ EXHIBIT – 3P NH Docket DT 07-011 NH DKT 07-011 EXHIBIT JFN-V Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor



1 Davis Farm Road Portland, Maine 04103

Tel: 207 797-1311 Fax: 207 797-1392 troy.f.mcdonald@verizon.com

October 4, 2005

Robert Conner – Director, Operations Services Unitil Service Corp. 6 Liberty Lane West Hampton, NH 03842

RE: <u>2005 Maintenance Tree Trim Invoices</u>

Dear Mr. Conner:

Based on our phone conversation back in June of this year I would like to say thank you for offering to work with me on the resolution of year 2005 maintenance trim invoicing. It was clear during our discussions that you and I share a common goal in ensuring that our companies resolve our differences in a professional manner and rebuild a positive working relationship which is to both our benefit.

I am writing this letter to inform you that I have completed a review of year 2005 maintenance trim invoicing in the Unitil-Capitol area for the period of January thru April which revealed results which are in need of clarification. I cataloged every hour of each day by reviewing all trim contractor timesheets and associated traffic control services to ensure the trimming services performed were a benefit to Verizon before acceptance and payment of the invoices received. Please note that all locations identified on the trim contractor timesheets were also reviewed in the field. What I found was that 47.8% of the amount invoiced to Verizon, totaling \$15,965.00, was for services not performed on Verizon's behalf.

The data analysis revealed that 47.8% of the invoicing that Unitil expected Verizon to pay was comprised of the following:

• Verizon was invoiced for locations that are a non-Verizon serving area.

Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor

- Verizon was invoiced for locations where Unitil's tree trim contractor trimmed out the electrical space only and left the communication space untrimmed.
- Verizon was invoiced for locations where maintenance trimming was not required for the communication space.
- Verizon was invoiced for locations where a Verizon communication cable was not attached to the pole line.

Following is a breakdown of the trim data in spreadsheet format for your review:

| Comparative Data (Trim) | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | Total |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| | | | | | |
| Total VZ Verified Hours vs Timesheet Hours | 15.5% | 52.5% | 54.9% | 64.6% | |
| Timesheet Heure Billed for New Veriner Consinu Area | 202.25 | 45.00 | 18.00 | 54.00 | 410.25 |
| Timesheet Hours Billed for Non-Verizon Serving Area | 293.25 | 45.00 | 10.00 | 34.00 | 410.23 |
| Timesheet Hours Billed for Sections NOT trimmed for Tel | 275.25 | 304.50 | 225.00 | 269.00 | 1,073.75 |
| | | | | | |
| Timesheet Hours Billed for Sections VZ NOT needing Trim | 16.00 | 161.50 | 91.50 | 90.00 | 359.00 |
| | | | | | |
| Timesheet Hours Billed for Sections VZ NOT Attached | 36.00 | 17.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 53.00 |

| Total Hours Charged to VZ for work not benefiting VZ: | 1896.00 |
|---|---------|
| | |
| Total Hours Charged by Trim Contractor for all Work: | 3969.00 |
| | |
| Percentage of Hours on Timesheets not Benefiting VZ: | 47.8% |

While reviewing all trim contractor timesheets and associated traffic control service I also tabulated the dollars billed to Verizon by Unitil and compared them to the locations that were verified as acceptable. I am including a copy of the tabulated data for your review.

| Month | Total Hrs Labor | Total Hrs Equip | Total Trim \$\$\$ | VZ Verified Labor Hrs | VZ Verified Equip Hrs | VZ Verified Total Cost | VZ Accepted 25% Trim Cost | Total Traffic Control \$\$\$ | VZ Verified Traffic Cost | VZ Accepted 25% Traffic Cost | Total VZ Accepted Costs | Amount Invoiced by Unitil: |
|-------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Jan | 849.00 | 76.00 | \$29,090.98 | 127.00 | 16.63 | \$4,566.45 | \$1,141.61 | \$3,118.00 | \$1,913.63 | \$478.41 | \$1,620.02 | \$6,529.70 |
| Feb | 1215.00 | 36.00 | \$40,029.12 | 642.10 | 14.40 | \$21,428.36 | \$5,357.09 | \$5,953.50 | \$2,152.50 | \$538.13 | \$5,895.22 | \$8,984.86 |
| Mar | 675.00 | 0.00 | \$22,338.09 | 370.50 | 0.00 | \$12,343.21 | \$3,085.80 | \$9,040.50 | \$1,747.73 | \$436.93 | \$3,522.73 | \$8,300.26 |
| Apr | 1230.00 | 0.00 | \$40,977.45 | 795.00 | 0.00 | \$26,485.43 | \$6,621.36 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$6,621.36 | \$9,809.51 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total: | \$17,659.33 | \$33,624.33 |

I believe it to be both professional and respectful to provide you with all the information I have to allow you time to internally review the issues that contributed to the invoicing of trim and associated traffic control services for which, based on my review, Verizon should not have been expected to pay. I am sending this data to you asking for your response to the above data analysis.

After you have had a chance to review I would request a meeting between your company and Verizon at our office in Manchester to discuss your findings. As I understand there have been meetings between Unitil and Verizon at a higher level on other issues I would like our meeting to focus on year 2005 trim invoicing and process improvement going forward. At this point I would anticipate Lisa Thorne, Director - Verizon Regulatory and myself to be at the meeting. Please note that, due to the my findings with respect to the accuracy of the invoicing, it is my intention to freeze movement on all year 2005 maintenance trim invoicing, in both the Capitol and Seacoast areas, until we have an explanation of the invoicing.

In the meantime if you need clarification on any of the information provided in this letter please do not hesitate to contact me. You can reach me in my office at 207 797-1311 of on my cell phone at 207 650-9138 anytime. Again, I would like to take this opportunity to thank you for working with me on resolution of this issue.

Respectfully,

Troy F. McDonald

Troy F. McDonald Joint Lines Specialist – ME, NH & VT

Cc: Lisa Thorne, Director – Regulatory
Paula Brown, VP – Regulatory
Anthony Montani, Directory – Engineering & Planning
Ann Winkelman, Manager – Joint Lines
Carol Leone, Joint Lines Specialist – MA/RI



1 Davis Farm Road Portland, Maine 04103

Tel: 207 797-1311 Fax: 207 797-1392 troy.f.mcdonald@verizon.com

November 18, 2005

Robert Conner – Director, Operations Services Unitil Service Corp. 6 Liberty Lane West Hampton, NH 03842

RE: 2005 Maintenance Tree Trim Invoices - Unitil-Capitol and Unitil-Seacoast

Dear Bob:

I have received your letter dated Nov. 4th and would like to take this opportunity say thank you for reviewing the data I sent and for providing me with the results. I am glad to see there is an agreement on the invoicing in the Unitil-Capitol area for the months of January thru April with the exception of \$2,661.74. I am sure you and I can come to a resolution on the outstanding amount. I would also like to provide you with the status of the remaining 2005 maintenance trim for both the Unitil-Capitol and the Unitil-Seacoast areas.

Unitil-Capitol:

I have reviewed the invoicing for the months of May and June in the amount of \$13,783.12. The field review and the analysis of data during this time period indicates that 53.5% or \$7,376.86 of the total invoice has the same invoicing issues as January thru April. Please note we are in agreement of trimming in the amount of \$6,406.26 which is currently being processed for payment. Following is a breakdown for your review:

| Month | Total Hrs Labor | Total Hrs Equip | Total Trim | VZ Verified Labor Hrs | VZ Verified Equip Hrs | VZ Verified Total Cost | VZ Accepted 25% Trim Cost | Total Traffic Control \$\$\$ | | VZ Accepted 25% Traffic Cost | Total VZ Accepted Costs | Amount Invoiced by Unitil: | Comments |
|--------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| (Trim) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| May | 721.00 | 72.00 | \$24,758.21 | 487.00 | 57.60 | \$16,897.18 | \$4,224.30 | \$4,788.00 | \$1,543.50 | \$385.88 | \$4,610.17 | \$7,433.82 | May & June = |
| June | 584.00 | 0.00 | \$19,455.96 | 198.00 | 0.00 | \$6,596.37 | \$1,649.09 | \$5,779.75 | \$588.00 | \$147.00 | \$1,796.09 | \$6,349.30 | \$13,783.12 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total: | \$6,406.26 | \$13,783.12 | |

With respect to the July thru September trim invoicing and supporting documentation which we received on October 31st of this year we are currently reviewing the information and I will provide you with a response as soon as complete.

Unitil-Seacoast:

NH DKT 07-011 EXHIBIT JFN-V

Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor

The Unitil-Seacoast is a little different due to the fact that although we provided a response earlier in the process to Scott Wade I was told that it did not mater as we were going to be invoiced 25% of the total trim costs regardless of the response we provided. It was actually due to this position that I opted to focus on the Unitil-Capitol area first. Please note that the first Exchange of Notice (EON) I received from Scott Wade this year was EON #1376 dated May 9, 2005. Our OSP Engineer returned the EON on June 1st and provided Scott with the locations we agreed provided mutual benefit. The second EON from Scott dated May 9, 2005 was field reviewed and return, along with a list of the sections we agreed provided mutual benefit, to Scott on July 12th.

Unitil-Seacoast has charged Verizon, on a statement of account, a total of \$51,669.85 for maintenance trim and associated traffic control cost for the months of January thru September of this year. I sent an email to Scott on Nov. 17th questioning if the charges reflect the level of participation we agreed to back in July or if the charges are consistent with his view that Verizon should compensate Unitil 25% of all trimming cost regardless of our opinion of mutual benefit or need. Once I receive a response from Scott and an actual invoice I will calculate the amount to process for payment.

A review of my Unitil-Seacoast files and spreadsheet indicates that I have only received one additional EON from Unitil-Seacoast this year being EON #2005-3 dated Nov. 15th via email for locations in the municipality of Plaistow which was immediately passed onto OSP Engineering for field review. It is my understanding that the field review has been completed and the EON is on its way back to Unitil. With that said I believe it is also fair to say, with respect to the Unitil-Seacoast area, that two (2) of the three (3) EONs received were responded to within thirty (30) days while the other was responded to a little over sixty (60) days. I would respectfully ask if the invoicing represents the level of participation we agreed to given the fact that we did provide a timely response once an EON was received. It is clear that account #2279 was being assessed trimming charges even though an EON was not provided for the months of January thru March.

My biggest concern is that even thought a response was provided in the first part of July to Unitil-Seacoast, charges to account #2279 on July 29th in the amount of \$17,068.07 and on Oct. 31st in the amount of \$16,366.16 seem to have ignored the effort we made to provide you a timely response.

I would like to thank you for becoming involved in this issue. It is my opinion that since you and I have started working together progress has been made which is to the benefit of both companies. I believe it is due to our commitment to focus on resolving the issue and establish a process regardless of historical issues.

Respectfully,

Troy F. McDonald

Troy F. McDonald Joint Lines Specialist – ME, NH & VT

Cc: Marty Wilkinson – FMC Manager (Verizon) Serge Laprise – FMC Manager (Verizon) Louise Guillemete – OSP Billing Supervisior (Verizon)



NH DKT 07-011 EXHIBIT JFN-V Rebuttal Testimony of John F. Nestor

> 1 Davis Farm Road Portland , Maine 04103

Tel: 207 797-1311 Fax: 207 797-1392 troy.f.mcdonald@verizon.com

January 13, 2006

Robert Conner – Director, Operations Services Unitil 6 Liberty Lane West Hampton, NH 03842

RE: 2005 Maintenance Tree Trimming Invoices - Unitil-Seacoast, January thru September

Dear Bob:

I am sending you this letter so that Unitil can have the results of the data research I performed prior to our meeting on the 18th on the invoicing by Unitil-Seacoast to Verizon in the amount of \$47,820.23 for maintenance trimming. I will start off by saying that I am a little surprised that of the said \$47,820.23 invoiced I can only verify a total of \$1,432.55. Based on the research I performed in the Unitil-Capitol area I expected to see similar data results but the data analysis indicates that approximately 97% of the invoicing does not apply to Verizon which leads me to believe that there may be back-up documentation missing from the package I received from Scott Wade. In any event please note that I would be more than willing to spend additional time working directly with Unitil-Seacoast to understand why this is the case.

Back in June of 2005 Scott Wade was presented with a list of sections which Verizon agreed to participate in joint trim (see Elco memo #1376 sent 05.09.05 – Tel memo #05-0-226 returned 06.01.05). Of the 117 sections Verizon agreed to participate in I could only find 12 of the sections in the Plaistow area on the back-up documentation for the months of January thru September of year 2005.

In July Scott Wade was presented with a second list of sections in the East Kingston area which Verizon agreed to participate in joint trim (see Elco memo #1377 sent 05.09.05 – Tel memo #05-3-898 returned 07.12.05). Of the 20 sections listed on the Exchange of Notice I could not find one included in the trimming performed by Asplundh for the months of January thru September of year 2005.

Please note that I have spent the past two (2) days reviewing the invoicing, statements of accounts, trim lists, Asplundh invoices as well as reviewed each hour of every day detailed on the trim contractor timesheets yet all I could identify was \$1,432.55. I would ask that Scott Wade's department review the same data as I to see if they can match the trim list provided by Verizon with the sections trimmed by Asplundh. I trust you and I have interacted enough for Unitil to realize that I have a need to ensure that we pay for work we agreed to. I also need to ensure we do not pay for work we did not. Again, I am more than willing to assist Scott, or any of his associates, any way I can. I have enclosed a copy of the spreadsheet I used during the data verification for your use.

I look forward to meeting with you at your office on the 18th. If you have any questions, or need additional information, please do not hesitate to contact e at 207 797-1311.

Sincerely,

Troy F. McDonald

Troy F. McDonald Joint Lines Specialist – ME, NH & VT

Cc: Marty Wilkinson – FMC Manager (Verizon)
Serge Laprise – FMC Manager (Verizon)
Louise Guillemette – OSP Billing Supervisor (Verizon)
Carol Leone – Joint Lines Specialist MA/RI (Verizon)

This is a confidential Exhibit.

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